Guidance on Suicide Prevention for GP Practices

Background: If you have concerns that a person may be at risk don't be afraid to ask about suicidal ideas/intent. It will not increase risk, it is perfectly reasonable to ask questions such as are you feeling hopeless, have you had thoughts of taking your life, when did you last have these thoughts, do you have a plan, have you ever made a suicide attempt? As the person has presented themselves to surgery they are likely to be expecting these questions.

Disclosure: Is the person at risk of suicide – trust your professional judgement

Ask: Have you had thoughts of taking your life? When did you last have these thoughts, how often do you have them? Do you have a plan? Are you feeling hopeless? Have you ever made a suicide attempt?

Consider: Have there been previous suicide attempts? Family history of suicide? Are they experiencing domestic abuse? Does the person have current intent, plan, access to means (Doctors, Dentists, Vets, Farmers etc)? Is there a history of psychiatric diagnosis and or history of impulsivity/poor self control? Check on hopelessness, presence, duration and severity. Has there been recent loss? Involved in criminal proceedings? Consider physical, financial, personal or discharge from hospital. Co-morbid health problems - particularly recently diagnosed. History of abuse: physical, sexual, emotional. Is the person experiencing bullying or discrimination

Is the person using alcohol/drugs - this increases risk. Have they recently received a psychiatric diagnosis? Consider demographics: Elderly or young adult, unmarried male, living alone, unemployed or in temporary work, having financial worries – THESE ARE THE HIGH RISK FACTORS WE ARE CURRENTLY SEEING IN ROTHERHAM

Warning Signs: Are the following present? Looking for means Threatening to hurt of kill self. Having no hope, or seeing no way out Seeking access to pills or other means Talking or writing about death, dying or suicide Making preparations for after their death, for example care of pets



Protective Factors: Spirituality and family responsibility Positive social support from family and friends Having **dependent** children at home, pregnancy Life satisfaction, positive coping and problem-solving skills Engagement in physical activities. Active hobbies

Immediate Action: Adults (over 16 years) contact the Crisis Team on **01709 302670**. Children (under 16 years) – working hours contact CAMHS on **01709 304808**. Out of hours contact the Crisis Team on **01709 302670**. Remember take working telephone number from Patient

Concerns: Are the following present?

Hopelessness. Increased alcohol/drug use

No

Rage, anger, seeking revenge, acting reckless or recent engagement in risky activity.

Expressions of feeling trapped or withdrawal from support. Significant anxiety, agitation, unable to sleep or sleeping all the time Dramatic mood changes and/or no reason for living, no sense of purpose. Hearing voices telling them to harm themselves Significant changes in appearance, personal hygiene, weight loss etc



Non urgent – Consider a routine referral for mental health treatment to the Access Team on **01709 302670** (Adults) or CAMHS **01709 304808** (under 16 years)

Consider routine follow up by Practice

No

Always explain your plan and reasons with the patient and what happens next

Useful telephone numbers: Samaritans – 116123 (Freephone) Women's Aid 0808 2000247 http://www.womensaid.org.uk