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Date: 22 May 2015

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22 May 2015

Dear Rashpal

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Rotherham Clinical Commissioning Group ("the CCG"), for the year ended 31 March 2015, for the purpose of expressing an opinion:

- i. as to whether these financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the CCG as at 31 March 2015 and of its net operating expenditure for the financial year then ended; and
- ii. whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the accounting policies directed by NHS England with the consent of the Secretary of State as relevant to Clinical Commissioning Groups in England.

These financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Taxpayers Equity and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

The Governing Body confirms that the representations it makes in this letter are in accordance with the definitions set out in the Appendix to this letter.

The Governing Body confirms that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as it considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing itself:

Financial statements

1. The Governing Body has fulfilled its responsibilities for the preparation of financial statements that:
 - i. give a true and fair view of the financial position of the CCG as at 31 March 2015 and of its net operating expenditure for the financial year then ended;
 - ii. have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies directed by NHS England with the consent of the Secretary of State as relevant to Clinical Commissioning Groups in England.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2. Measurement methods and significant assumptions used by the Governing Body in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.

3. All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which IAS 10 *Events after the reporting period* requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
4. The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole.

Information provided

5. The Governing Body has provided you with:
 - access to all information of which it is aware, that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation and other matters;
 - additional information that you have requested from the Governing Body for the purpose of the audit; and
 - unrestricted access to persons within the CCG from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
6. All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
7. The Governing Body confirms the following:
 - i) The Governing Body has disclosed to you the results of its assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud. Included in the Appendix to this letter are the definitions of fraud, including misstatements arising from fraudulent financial reporting and from misappropriation of assets.
 - ii) The Governing Body has disclosed to you all information in relation to:
 - a) Fraud or suspected fraud that it is aware of and that affects the CCG and involves:
 - management;
 - employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements; and [ISA (UK&I) 240.39c]
 - b) Allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the CCG's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

In respect of the above, the Governing Body acknowledges its responsibility for such internal control as it determines necessary for the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In particular, the Governing Body acknowledges its responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error.

8. The Governing Body has disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements. The Governing Body also confirms that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income recognised in the financial statements has been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

9. The Governing Body has disclosed to you and has appropriately accounted for and/or disclosed in the financial statements, in accordance with *IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities* and *Contingent Assets*, all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
10. The Governing Body has disclosed to you the identity of the CCG's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which it is aware. All related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with *IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures*.
11. The Governing Body confirms that all intra-NHS balances included in the Statement of Financial Position (SOFP) at 31 March 2015 in excess of £100,000 have been disclosed to you and that the CCG has complied with the requirements of the Intra NHS Agreement of Balances Exercise. The Governing Body confirms that Intra-NHS balances includes all balances with NHS counterparties, regardless of whether these balances are reported within those SOFP classifications formally deemed to be included within the Agreement of Balances exercise.
12. The Governing Body confirms that:
 - a) The financial statements disclose all of the key risk factors, assumptions made and uncertainties surrounding the CCG's ability to continue as a going concern as required to provide a true and fair view.
 - b) Any uncertainties disclosed are not considered to be material and therefore do not cast significant doubt on the ability of the CCG to continue as a going concern.

This letter was tabled and agreed at the meeting of the Governing Body on 22 May 2015.

Yours sincerely

Chris Edwards
Chief Officer and Accountable Officer

**Appendix to the Governing Body Representation Letter of Rotherham CCG:
Definitions****Financial Statements**

IAS 1.10 states that “a complete set of financial statements comprises:

- a statement of financial position as at the end of the period;
- a statement of comprehensive net operating expenditure for the period;
- a statement of changes in taxpayers equity for the period;
- a statement of cash flows for the period;
- notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- comparative information in respect of the preceding period as specified in paragraphs 38 and 38A; and
- a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements, or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements in accordance with paragraphs 40A-40D.

Material Matters

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material.

IAS 1.7 and IAS 8.5 state that:

“Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the economic decisions that users make on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the size and nature of the omission or misstatement judged in the surrounding circumstances. The size or nature of the item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor.”

Fraud

Fraudulent financial reporting involves intentional misstatements including omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users.

Misappropriation of assets involves the theft of an entity’s assets. It is often accompanied by false or misleading records or documents in order to conceal the fact that the assets are missing or have been pledged without proper authorisation.

Error

An error is an unintentional misstatement in financial statements, including the omission of an amount or a disclosure.

Prior period errors are omissions from, and misstatements in, the entity’s financial statements for one or more prior periods arising from a failure to use, or misuse of, reliable information that:

- a) was available when financial statements for those periods were authorised for issue; and

- b) could reasonably be expected to have been obtained and taken into account in the preparation and presentation of those financial statements.

Such errors include the effects of mathematical mistakes, mistakes in applying accounting policies, oversights or misinterpretations of facts, and fraud.

Management

For the purposes of this letter, references to “management” should be read as “management and, where appropriate, those charged with governance”.

Related Party and Related Party Transaction

Related party:

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements (referred to in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* as the “reporting entity”).

- a) A person or a close member of that person’s family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
- i. has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
 - ii. has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - iii. is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
- i. The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - ii. One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - iii. Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - iv. One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - v. The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - vi. The entity is controlled, or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - vii. A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Related party transaction:

A transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.