

# Indices of Deprivation 2015



**Rotherham CCG Governing Body**

**2<sup>nd</sup> March 2016**

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# Indices of Deprivation 2015

- Government measure produced by Oxford University
- Updates the previous ID 2010
- 7 Domains (37 indicators) = **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)** **mainly 2013/14 baseline**
- SOA Geography (167 in Rotherham & 32,844 in England)
- **“Average of SOA Scores”** measure:
  - Rotherham Increased from **53<sup>rd</sup>** most deprived district in 2010 to **52<sup>nd</sup>** in 2015 (326 districts)
- Minor changes to methodology

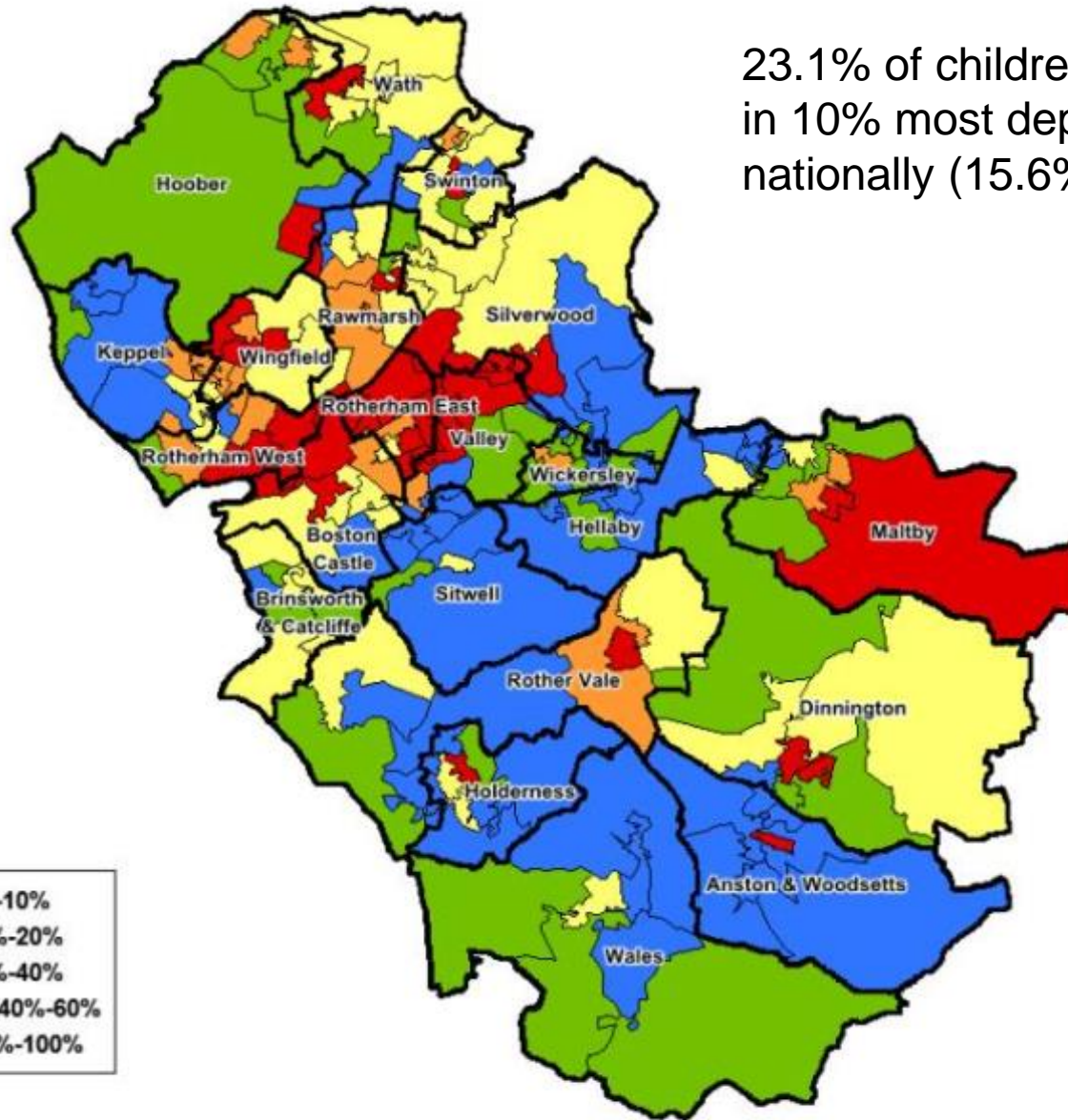
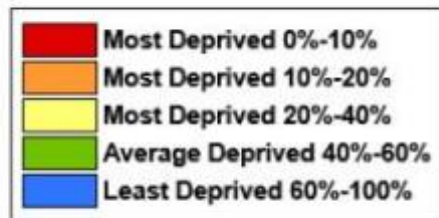
# Rotherham Deprivation relative to England

<b>% of Rotherham population within English IMD deciles:</b>	<b>IMD 2004</b>	<b>IMD 2007</b>	<b>IMD 2010</b>	<b>IMD 2015</b>
<b>Most deprived 10%</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>19.5%</b>
<b>Most deprived 20%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>31.5%</b>
<b>Most deprived 30%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>45%</b>
<b><u>Less</u> deprived than national average</b>	<b>29%</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>37%</b>

# IMD 2015

(Wards Shown)

23.1% of children 0-15 live in 10% most deprived areas nationally (15.6% in 2007)



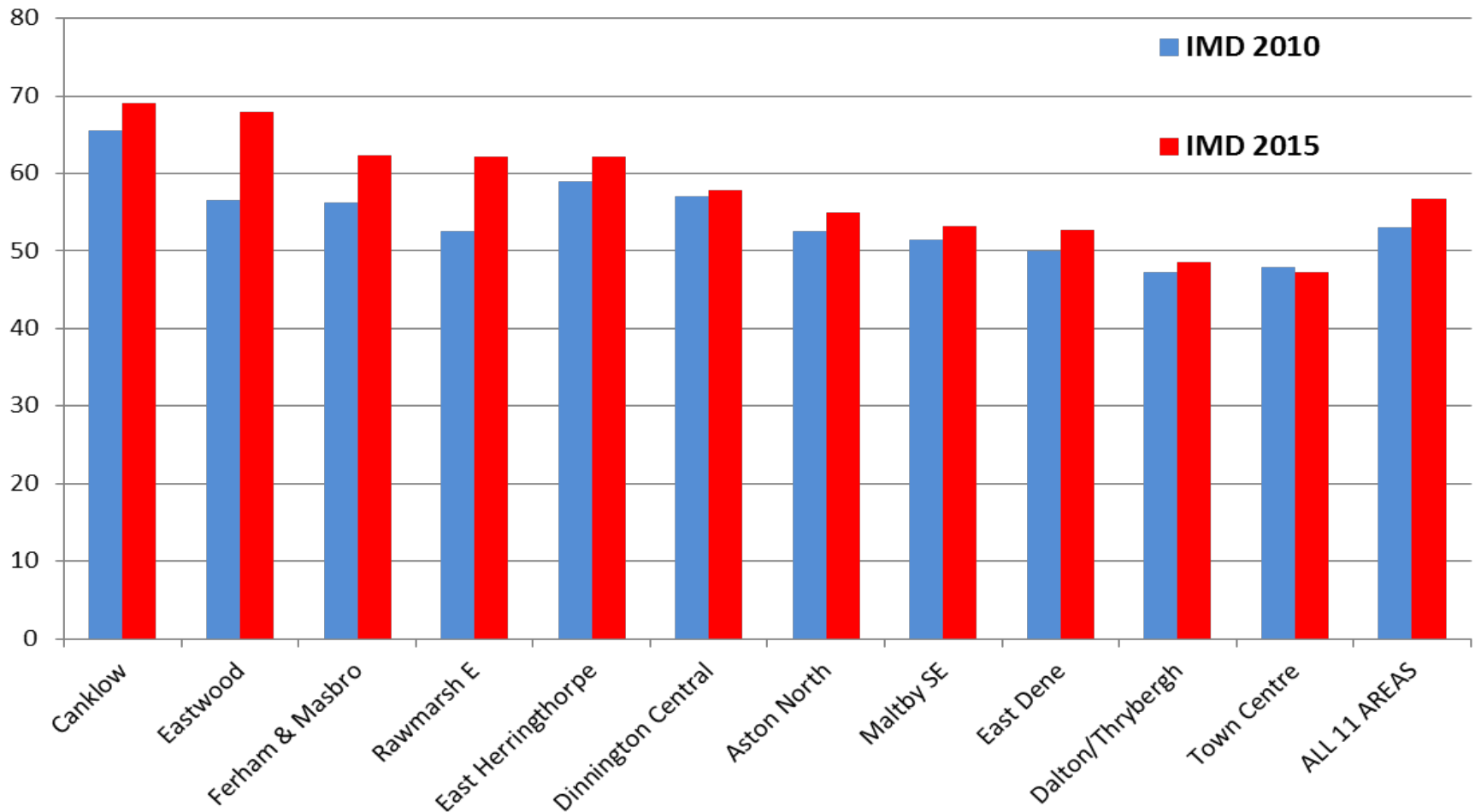
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# Rotherham's Most Deprived SOAs

all in Top 2% of 32,844 English SOAs

SOA	Rank in 2010	Rank in 2015
1. Ferham	851	242 (+609)
2. East Herringthorpe North	230	257 (-27)
3. Eastwood Village	2,207	302 (+1,905)
4. Canklow North	434	315 (+119)
5. Eastwood East	641	323 (+318)
6. East Herringthorpe South	920	480 (+440)
7. Eastwood Central	1,089	500 (+589)
8. Maltby Birks Holt	1,207	597 (+610)
9. East Dene East	707	623 (+84)
10. Masbrough	847	634 (+213)

# 11 Most Deprived Neighbourhoods: Change 2010–15



# Deprivation by Domain

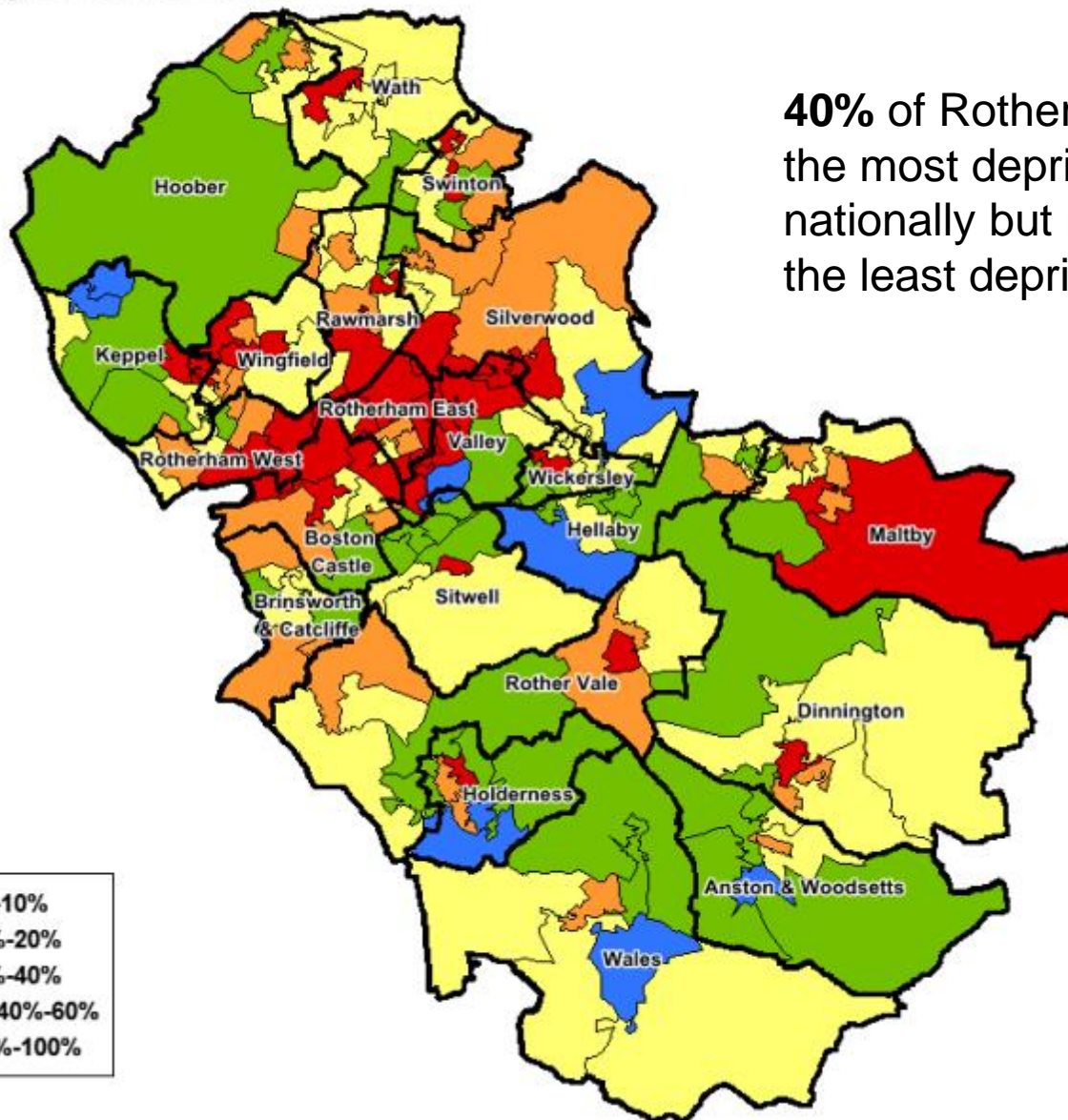
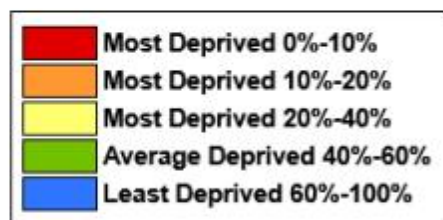
Domain	Top 10%	Change 2010-15	Top 20%	Top 50%
Education & Skills	24%	0	39%	69%
Employment	24%	+ 2%	42%	75%
Health & Disability	21%	- 12%	40%	85%
Income	17%	+ 3%	33%	64%
Crime	15%	+ 4%	25%	65%
Living Environment	2%	- 1%	4%	19%
“Barriers”	0%	0	2%	15%



# Health and Disability Domain 2015

(Wards Shown)

40% of Rotherham is in the most deprived 20% nationally but none is in the least deprived 20%



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# Highest Health Deprivation

All in the Top 4% of 32,866 SOAs

SOA	Rank 2010	Rank 2015	
1.Canklow North	181	181 (0)	Top 1%
2.Town Centre	197	512 (-315)	
3.Masbrough	429	664 (-235)	
4.Munsbrough	1,859	932 (+927)	
5.Dinnington Central	1,219	1,012 (+207)	
6.East Dene East	558	1,050 (-492)	
7.Ferham	849	1,125 (-276)	
8.Dalton	1,673	1,207 (+466)	
9.Eastwood East	636	1,274 (-638)	
10.East Herringthorpe South	716	1,279 (-563)	

# Indices of Deprivation

## Change in Health Indicators

Indicator	ID 2010	ID 2015	Change
Years of potential life lost	74.3	64.8	<b>-9.5</b>
Comparative illness & disability ratio (sickness & disability benefits)	147.1	142.5	<b>-4.6</b>
Acute morbidity (emergency admissions) 2006-8 / 2011-13	199.5	125.8	<b>-73.7</b>
Mood & anxiety disorders (mental health) 2006-8 / 2012-13	0.33	0.51	<b>+0.18</b>
<b>Overall Health &amp; Disability Score</b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>-0.20</b>

Average SOA scores (above) show **improvement** but ...

**Mental health** is worse – GP prescribing, hospital episodes, disability benefits and suicides

# Comparison of Life Chances: Children

20 Contrasting Neighbourhoods	10 Most Deprived Areas	10 Least Deprived Areas
<b>Total Population (2013)</b>	17,486	15,822
<b>Children (aged 0-17)</b>	5,870 (33.6%)	2,655 (16.8%)
Live in a family with 3+ dependent children	2,975 (50.7%)	470 (17.7%)
Live in poverty as a child (aged 0-15)	<b>2,372 (50.1%)</b>	94 (3.8%)
Good level of development at Foundation (2013)	117 (36.7%)	115 (73.2%)
Achieve Level 4 at Key Stage 2 (2011-13)	143 (56.7%)	135 (88.0%)
Achieve 5+ GCSEs A*-C inc English & Maths (2011-13)	80 (32.7%)	141 (82.6%)
Be a Child in Need (Children Act 1989) (2014)	<b>236 (4.0%)</b>	21 (0.8%)
Be in contact with or supported by the CSE Team, aged 13-16 (2012-14)	202 (20%)	31 (4.6%)

# Comparison of Life Chances: Adults & General

20 Contrasting Neighbourhoods	10 Most Deprived Areas	10 Least Deprived Areas
<b>Total Population (2013)</b>	17,486	15,822
<b>Working Age Adults 18-64</b>	9,732 (55.7%)	9,691 (61.3%)
Be unemployed, long term sick or FT carer	3,226 (33.1%)	505 (5.2%)
Be a disabled adult claiming DLA (2015)	1,460 (12.6%)	545 (4.1%)
Live in an overcrowded home (all households)	880 (12.6%)	114 (1.8%)
Recorded violent offences, burglary, theft and criminal damage (per 1,000 pop.)	1,791 (102.4)	315 (19.9)
<b>Older People aged 65+</b>	1,884 (10.8%)	3,476 (22%)
Live in poverty as a pensioner	765 (40.6%)	222 (6.4%)
Male Life Expectancy	73.4	83
Female Life Expectancy	77.4	86.9

# Key Messages

- Deprivation still Top 20% nationally
- Employment and Education Deprivation most severe
- Improvements in Health, Crime & Environment but....
- Most deprived areas getting worse
- Areas with average or low deprivation doing better
- Mental health getting worse
- Rising barriers to housing – affordability
- **Polarisation** on all domains except Living Environment
- 18.7% deprived of income....
  - 24.3% children vs 16.5% working age adults
- Children more likely to be affected by deprivation

# Policy Challenges

- **Targeting the most deprived areas**
  - Are we closing the gap? **No, it's getting wider!**
  - Previous initiatives made little lasting impact
  - Welfare reform exacerbating deprivation
  - Identify what works: evaluation & best practice
  - Joining-up services & targeting resources
- **Improving education & skills in our most deprived areas**
  - Raising school attainment and participation post 18
  - Higher adult qualifications & skills
  - Work readiness: basic life skills, welfare to work
  - Cultural shift towards learning and working